

SJRRP Flow Bench Evaluation

October 14, 2011

The Restoration Administrator recommended Friant Dam to release 700 cfs for Interim Flows starting on October 11, 2011. Reclamation's flow bench evaluation on October 11, 2011 determined that flows below Sack Dam should continue at 0 cfs to verify groundwater levels. Reclamation took groundwater measurements on October 13 and Reclamation's calculations as shown herein indicate 50 cfs of flow from Sack Dam will not cause impacts once groundwater levels from gravity irrigation drain. Flows will remain at 0 cfs past Sack Dam until measurements made next week or after show groundwater levels below thresholds in the field.

Absent other influencing factors, hydraulic modeling shows no adverse seepage impacts up to a 140 cfs release from Sack Dam. Some current groundwater wells show higher levels than expected due to other influencing factors, so increases will take place gradually in steps of approximately 0.5 foot of water surface elevation increase. This document evaluates the first increase to 50 cfs. Pending subsequent flow bench evaluations, flows past Sack Dam may increase to 80 cfs on October 18, and up to 140 cfs on October 24 depending on the amount of flow entering Mendota Pool.

As of October 13, 2011:

1. Flow rates from provisional real-time data are below known conveyance thresholds.
2. Daily operations coordination calls and the weekly planning call identified a potential concern regarding the Highway 165 project. Reclamation contacted CALTRANS and they did not have any concerns.
3. The seepage hotline received no calls to date in WY 2012.
4. Real-time groundwater monitoring did not identify groundwater levels above thresholds, Table 1. These wells do not restrict Friant Dam releases at this time.
5. Priority well weekly groundwater measurements, Table 2, identified groundwater tables above thresholds in one well. This well does not restrict releases at this time.
6. Stability has been achieved.
7. Projected groundwater levels from the proposed increase in flow (Table 4) calculated based on groundwater levels measured on October 11 or the previous week, show projected groundwater levels below thresholds except for three wells.
 - a. MW-10-90 – groundwater level predicted to rise 0.4 feet above threshold, assuming 50 cfs of flow in the Eastside Bypass and calculated from most current groundwater level. Observed sand excavation lowers water surface elevations from those predicted, and the local landowner expressed no concerns. This well does not restrict flows.
 - b. MW-10-94 – groundwater level predicted to rise 1.6 feet above threshold, assuming 50 cfs of flow into the Eastside Bypass and calculated from the most

current groundwater level. Observed sand excavation lowers water surface elevations from those predicted. The local landowner has a working interceptor drain. This well does not restrict flows.

- c. MW-10-95 - groundwater level predicted to rise 4.2 feet above threshold, assuming 50 cfs of flow into the Eastside Bypass and calculated from the most current groundwater level during gravity irrigation. Observed sand excavation lowers water surface elevations from those predicted. The local landowner has a working interceptor drain. High groundwater due to gravity irrigation has not yet drained. This well restricts flows.
8. The LSJLD has not identified any concerns.
9. The CCID has not identified any concerns.
10. The SLCC has not identified any concerns.

Analysis

Priority well MW-10-95 (Reach 4B1 Eastside Bypass) measurements last week show depths to groundwater at 2.6 feet above the threshold. Adjacent gravity irrigation caused this shallow level. Reclamation visited the landowner on Friday, October 7, 2011 and the landowner did not identify concerns with 50 cfs of flow in the river channel, providing groundwater levels do not rise and trap his equipment in mud. Extensive sand excavation not captured by the rating curves has occurred at this cross-section, indicating a lower stage increase. Reclamation conducted a site visit to MW-10-95 and determined with the concurrence of the landowner that nearby gravity irrigation caused the shallow groundwater levels. Hand augur boreholes dug on October 13 found groundwater levels at the other edge of the field at 4.75 feet below ground surface, 0.25 feet above the threshold. Calculations based on the rating curves and last week's measurements during gravity irrigation as shown in Table 4 indicate a potential groundwater level 4.2 feet above the threshold. The landowner has a working interceptor drain at this location and did not express concerns with up to 140 cfs of flow in the river. Reclamation will continue to monitor groundwater levels at this location and allow more time for gravity irrigation to drain below the thresholds as measured in the field.

Predictions show MW-10-90 groundwater levels may rise to 0.4 feet above the threshold. This does not take into account sand excavation which should lower the water surface elevation. Reclamation conducted a site visit with the landowner on Friday, October 7, 2011 and the landowner did not have concerns with the predicted increase or up to 140 cfs of flow in the river channel. This well does not restrict planned releases.

Predictions as shown in Table 4 show MW-10-94 groundwater level may rise to 1.6 feet above the threshold. This does not take into account sand excavation which should lower the water surface elevation. The landowner has a working interceptor drain at this location to keep groundwater levels low and did not express concerns with up to 140 cfs of flow in the river.

Reclamation will monitor groundwater levels at this location and shut off flows if necessary. This well does not restrict planned releases.

Data

Table 1 shows the groundwater depth in 7 realtime wells as of October 11, 2011 at 9:00 am. The data shows no groundwater depths in the realtime groundwater wells above thresholds. The property underlying one of these realtime wells, MW-10-92, contains an existing tile drain.

Table 1 – Realtime Well Data as of 10/13/2011

Well	Reach	Measured Groundwater Depth in Well (feet bgs)	Ground Surface Buffer (feet)	Lateral Gradient Buffer (feet)	Field Depth (feet bgs)	Field Threshold (feet bgs)	Comment
MW-09-54B	2B	15.1	-7.9	5.5	12.6	10.0	Acceptable
PZ-09-R3-7	3	8.6	-0.7	0.0	7.9	3.5	Acceptable
MW-10-75	3	8.2	-0.5	0.2	7.9	6.3	Acceptable
MW-11-130	4A	6.6	0.0	0.0	6.6	5.0	Acceptable
MW-10-89	4A	11.5	-3.4	0.0	8.0	7.6	Acceptable
MW-10-92	4A	9.1	-2.6	0.0	6.5	5.0	Acceptable
MW-11-142	4B1	5.6	0.0	0.0	5.6	4.0	Acceptable

bgs = below ground surface

Reclamation publishes the weekly groundwater report with manual measurements via electronic well sounder and recent flow data on the SJRRP website at:

<http://www.restoresjr.net/flows/Groundwater/Groundwater.html>. Table 2 shows the manual measurements from field staff as reported in the weekly groundwater report. To calculate field depths, Reclamation adds ground surface buffers and lateral gradient buffers to measured groundwater depths in the well. A negative ground surface buffer indicates the well is above the field.

Table 2 – Priority Well Weekly Groundwater Measurements

Well	Reach	Measured Groundwater Depth in Well (feet bgs)	Ground Surface Buffer (feet)	Lateral Gradient Buffer (feet)	Field Depth (feet bgs)	Field Threshold (feet bgs)	Comment
FA-9	2A	7.9	-3.7	2.5	6.7	5.0	Acceptable
MW-09-47	2A	8.2	-3.5	3.3	8.0	7.0	Acceptable
MA-4	2A	10.1	-6.1	4.6	8.6	7.0	Acceptable
MW-09-49B	2A	5.7	-1.7	2.4	6.4	4.5	Acceptable
MW-09-55B	2B	10.1	-3.7	3.0	9.4	7.0	Acceptable
PZ-09-R2B-1	2B	-	-1.3	0.0	-	5.0	Acceptable

Well	Reach	Measured Groundwater Depth in Well (feet bgs)	Ground Surface Buffer (feet)	Lateral Gradient Buffer (feet)	Field Depth (feet bgs)	Field Threshold (feet bgs)	Comment
PZ-09-R2B-2	2B	10.3	-3.9	0.0	6.4	4.5	Acceptable
PZ-09-R3-5	3	10.5	-1.2	0.0	9.3	5.0	Acceptable
PZ-09-R3-6	3	9.7	-1.5	0.0	8.2	4.0	Acceptable
MW-09-87B	4A	10.9	-1.9	1.0	10.0	4.2	Acceptable
MW-10-90	4B1	5.8	0.8	0.0	6.5	6.0	Acceptable
MW-10-94	4B1	6.1	0.0	1.0	7.0	7.0	Acceptable
MW-10-95	4B1	3.6	-2.2	1.0	2.4	5.0	Above Threshold

Note: bgs = below ground surface

Table 3 shows the anticipated flow rates used to evaluate future groundwater depths. Reclamation calculated losses from Friant Dam to the Mendota Pool based on the long-term pattern established by Exhibit B. Reach 3 includes an estimated 320 cfs delivery to Arroyo Canal in addition to the 50 cfs of Interim Flows.

Table 3 Anticipated Change in Flows

	Recent Flows (cfs)	Exhibit B Losses from Friant Dam at 700 cfs release (cfs)	Sack Dam Flow (cfs)	Projected Flows (cfs)
Reach 1	350	0		700
Reach 2A	210	-155		545
Reach 2B	120	-255		445
Reach 3	320		50	370
Reach 4A	0		50	50
Reach 4B1	0		50	50

Table 4 shows the current and maximum rise in groundwater based on estimated changes in river stage and the conceptual model shown in Figure 1. Field depths are calculated by taking the most recent measurements from Table 2, adding the ground surface and the lateral gradient buffer, and subtracting the maximum predicted stage increase. Subsequent pages show the rating curves for each of the key wells from the Mussetter Engineering, Inc., 2008 San Joaquin HEC-RAS Model Documentation Technical Memorandum prepared for California Dept. of Water Resources, Fresno, California, June 2.

Table 4 Predicted Maximum Change in Groundwater Levels for Key Wells

Well	Reach	Measured Groundwater Depth in Well (feet bgs)	Maximum Predicted Stage Increase (feet)	Ground Surface Buffer (feet)	Lateral Gradient Buffer (feet)	Predicted Field Depth (feet bgs)	Field Threshold (feet bgs)	Comment
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Well	Reach	Measured Groundwater Depth in Well (feet bgs)	Maximum Predicted Stage Increase (feet)	Ground Surface Buffer (feet)	Lateral Gradient Buffer (feet)	Predicted Field Depth (feet bgs)	Field Threshold (feet bgs)	Comment
FA-9	2A	7.9	1.0	-3.7	2.5	5.7	5.0	Acceptable
MW-09-47	2A	8.2	1.0	-3.5	3.3	7.0	7.0	Acceptable
MA-4	2A	10.1	1.3	-6.1	4.6	7.3	7.0	Acceptable
MW-09-49B	2A	5.7	1.3	-1.7	2.4	5.2	4.5	Acceptable
MW-09-54B	2B	15.1	1.4	-7.9	5.5	11.2	10.0	Acceptable
MW-09-55B	2B	10.1	1.4	-3.7	3.0	8.0	7.0	Acceptable
PZ-09-R2B-2	2B	10.3	0.0	-3.9	0.0	6.4	4.5	Acceptable
PZ-09-R3-5	3	10.5	0.3	-1.2	0.0	9.1	5.0	Acceptable
PZ-09-R3-6	3	9.7	0.2	-1.5	0.0	8.0	4.0	Acceptable
PZ-09-R3-7	3	8.6	0.2	-0.7	0.0	7.6	3.5	Acceptable
MW-10-75	3	8.2	0.2	-0.5	0.2	7.7	6.3	Acceptable
MW-09-87B	4A	10.9	1.2	-1.9	1.0	8.9	4.2	Acceptable
MW-10-92	4A	9.1	1.5	-2.6	0.0	5.1	5.0	Acceptable
MW-10-90	4B1	5.8	0.9	0.8	0.0	5.6	6.0	Above Threshold
MW-10-94	4B1	6.1	1.6	0.0	1.0	5.4	7.0	Above Threshold
MW-10-95	4B1	3.6	1.6	-2.2	1.0	0.8	5.0	Above Threshold

Note: bgs = below ground surface

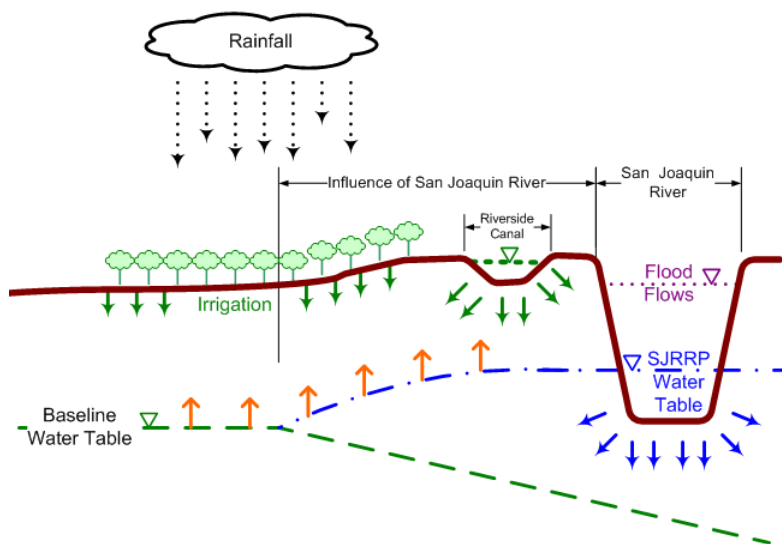


Figure 1 Conceptual Model for Flow Bench Evaluations Estimated Groundwater Depths

