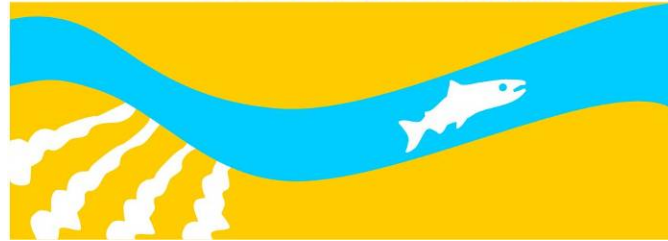


SAN JOAQUIN RIVER
RESTORATION PROGRAM



Water Management Technical Feedback Meeting

July 18, 2014
Sacramento, CA

Agenda Overview

- Comments on Recent Meeting Notes
- Water Supply Briefing
- Restoration Flows Releases
- Restoration Flow Guidelines
- Recapture / Recirculation
- Investment Strategy
- Part III
- Lecture Series: Unreleased Restoration Flows – Lessons Learned
- Public Comment / Next Meeting Dates and Locations



Comments on Meeting Notes



Water Supply Briefing



Restoration Flow Releases



Unreleased Restoration Flows (URFs)

- February 2014, Settling Parties suspended Restoration Flows in response to drought
- 12,694 af of URFs banked with FID
- 11,000 af to Class I contractors in 2014
 - 23 Agreements executed
 - 4,800 af delivered to date



Restoration Flow Guidelines

Restoration Flow Guidelines 2.0

- Forecasting Restoration Flows, including tools for mitigating uncertainty.
- Gravelly Ford, minimum compliance point or flow target.
- Managing flood management releases to best meet riparian recruitment needs.



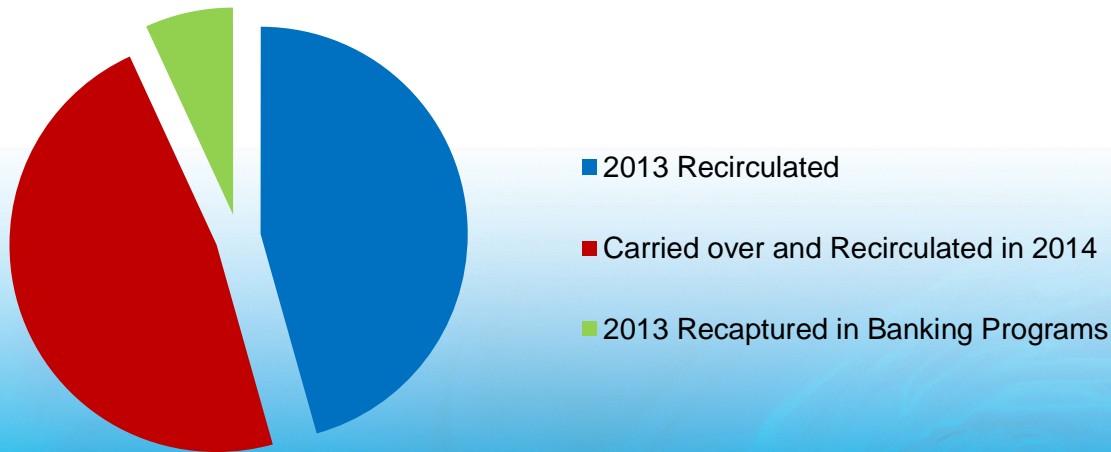
Recapture / Recirculation

Recaptured Water (2010-2013)

Contract Year	2010	2011	2012	2013
Recaptured (acre-feet)	52,000	35,740	103,000	90,000

2013 Recirculation

- Total Recaptured = 90 TAF
 - Banked Recapture = 6 TAF
 - Recirculated in 2013 = 41 TAF
 - Recirculated in 2014 = 43 TAF



Data: April 17, 2014



Long-Term R&R Plan

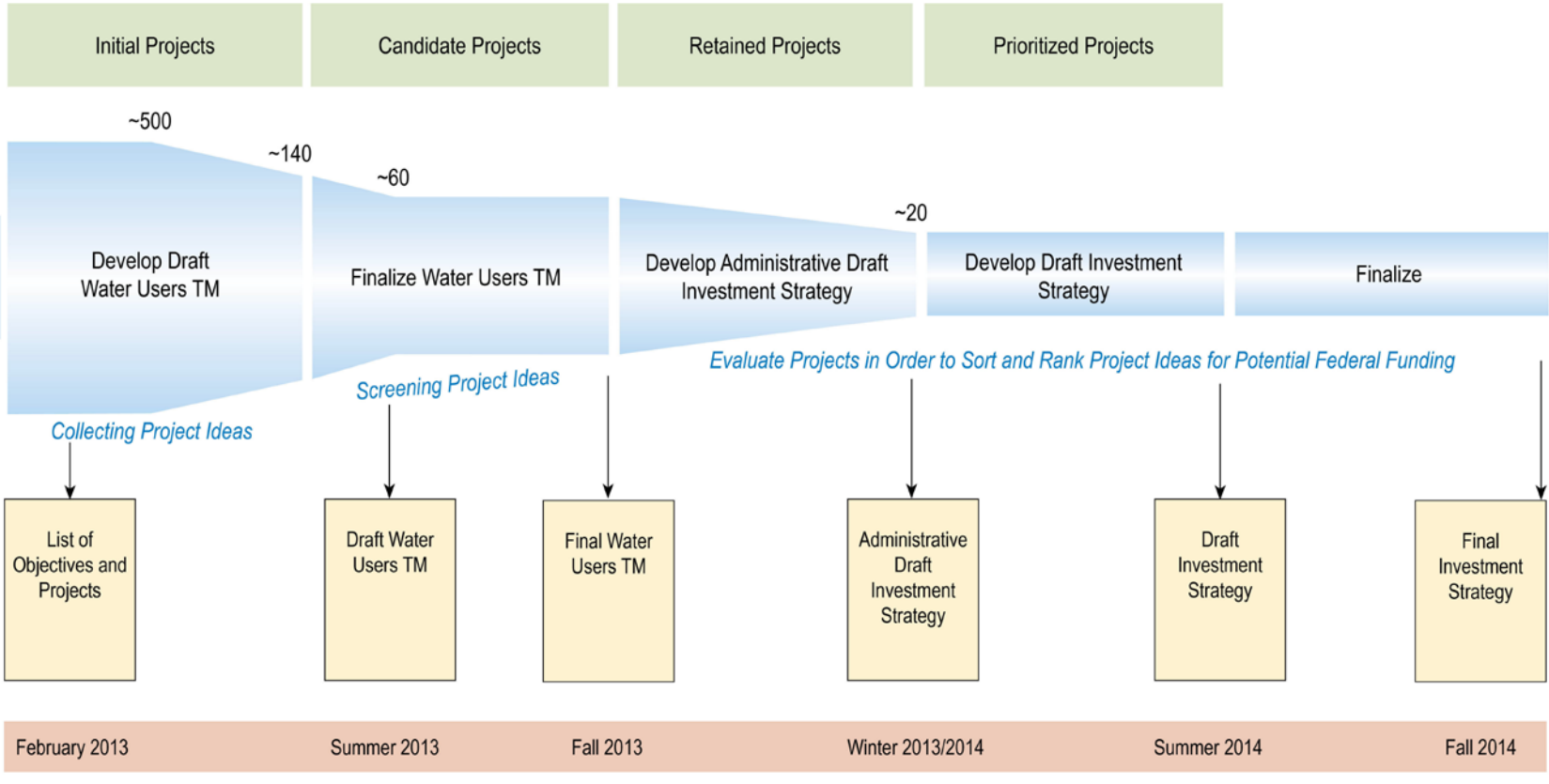
- Recirculation Chapter drafted with Friant Contractor input
- Critical Path: Recapture Chapter and associated operations agreements
- Plan progress on hold due to resource needs for drought and current FWA lawsuit
- Resume work on recapture after litigation resolved



Investment Strategy

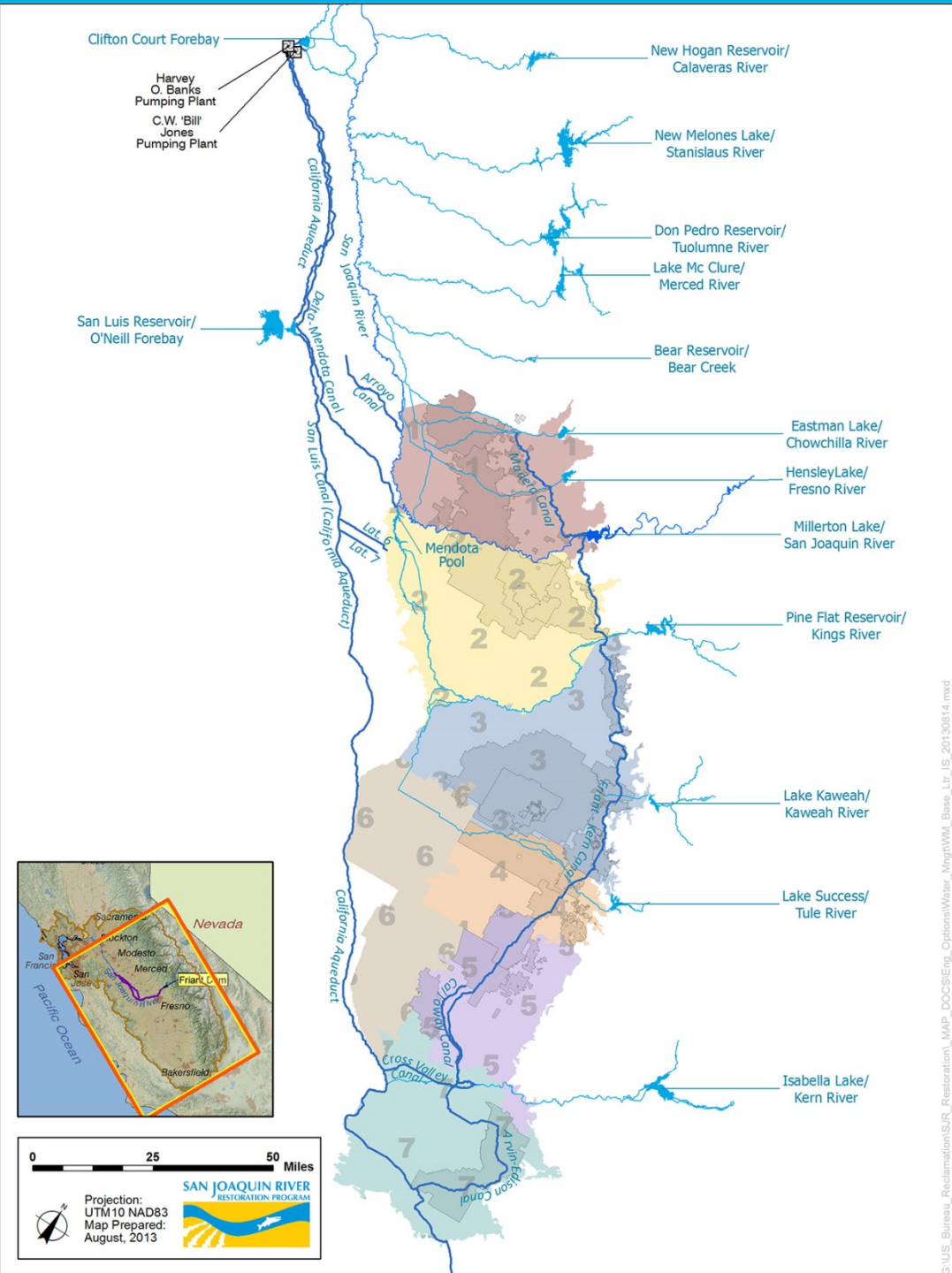


Investment Strategy Approach





Investment Strategy Study Area





Water Users TM

October 2013

Investment Strategy

Draft Water Users Technical Memorandum

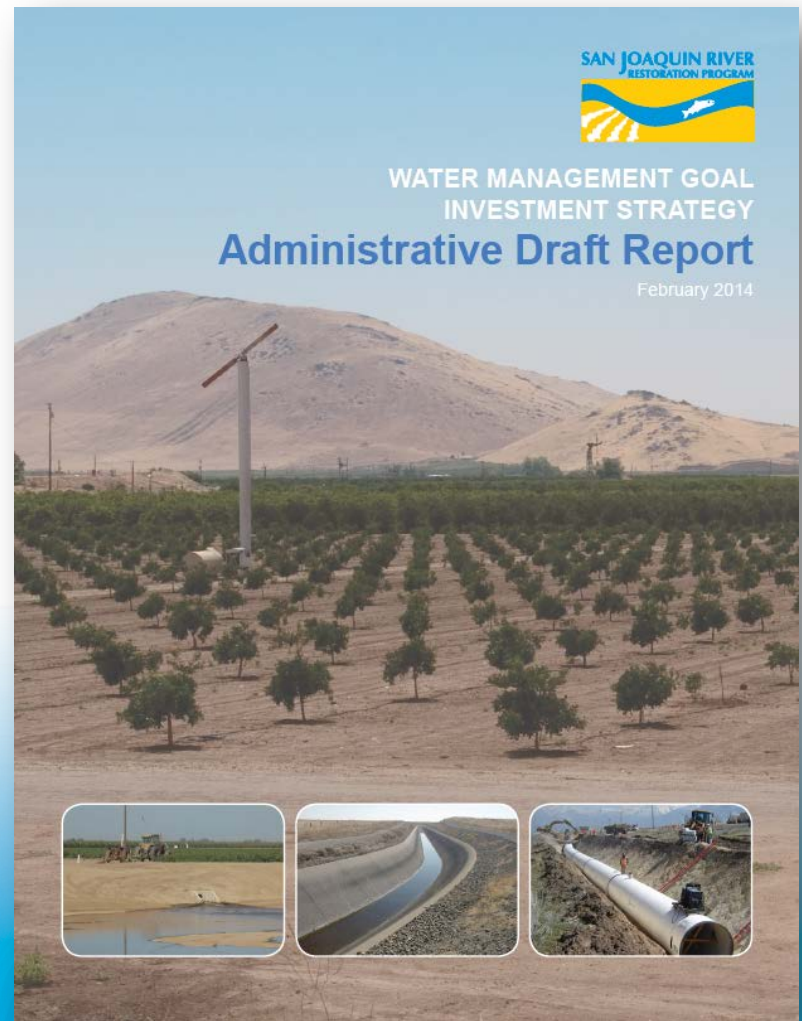
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Administrative Draft Investment Strategy Report

April 2014





Draft Investment Strategy Report

Fall 2014



Evaluate 20 Priority Projects

- Appraisal-level designs and cost estimates
- Project implementation schedule and budget requirements for major project phases
 - Planning / NEPA / CEQA
 - Design, Permitting
 - Acquisitions, Agreements
 - Construction
- Rank Priority Projects for Future Funding

Project Site Visits & Meetings

- Madera ID
- City of Fresno
- Fresno ID
- Orange Cove ID
- Ivanhoe ID
- Tulare ID
- Kaweah Delta WCD
- Porterville ID, Saucelito ID, Terra Bella ID
- Lower Tule River ID
- Delano-Earlimart ID
- Shafter Wasco ID
- Arvin-Edison WSD
- Patterson ID, Banta Carbona ID, West Stanislaus ID
- Friant Water Authority





Draft Investment Strategy Dates

- July 2014 – Draft appraisal studies for review by each project proponent
- Sep 2014 – Draft Investment Strategy Report for review by Friant Districts
- Dec 2014 – Revised Draft Investment Strategy Report



Part III



Friant-Kern Canal Capacity Restoration

- Restore Design Maximum Flow Capacity and current design standards from MP 29.14 to MP 71.3
- Design-level 60%
 - Refining cost estimate earthwork assumptions and identifying non-essential pay items
 - starting modification designs for affected bridges and drains



Madera Canal Capacity Restoration

- Originally combined with Friant-Kern Canal Restoration
- Identify, design and construct select demonstration projects
- Feasibility Study initiated, and first stakeholder meeting scheduled for July 28



Friant-Kern Canal Reverse Flow Pump-Back Project

- Red Bluff pumps and motors purchased and transported to FWA storage facility
- Feasibility study on hold

Groundwater Financial Assistance

Pixley ID- Joint Groundwater Bank

- Site visit in April 2014, kickoff late July.
- Construction complete December 2017.

Porterville ID- In-Lieu Project

- Site visit/ kickoff July 2014.
- Construction complete December 2016.

Groundwater Financial Assistance

Shafter-Wasco ID- Madera Aveune Intertie

- Engineering analysis in progress to update project description.

Tulare ID- Cordeniz Basin Construction & Exchange Program

- Kickoff/ site visit July 2014
- Environmental Compliance January 2015, construction December 2015



Lecture Series: Unreleased Restoration Flows Lessons Learned



Unreleased Restoration Flows (URFs)

- Paragraph 13(i) of Settlement
 - Restoration Flows commence no later than January 1, 2014
 - Restoration Flows that cannot be released from Friant Dam become URFs
 - Use URFs to best achieve the Restoration Goal, as determined by Reclamation
 - Established priority for banking, storing, exchanging, selling, and supplemental releases

Projected Availability

Restoration Year	Reach 2B Channel Capacity (cfs)	Weighted Average Availability (TAF)
2015	810	63 – 117
2016	810	63 – 117
2017	810	63 – 117
2018	810	63 – 117
2019	810	63 – 117
2020	2,000	63 – 117
2021	2,000	15 – 31
2022	2,000	15 – 31
2023	3,000	0 – 10
2024	3,000	0 – 10
2025	3,000	0 – 10
2026	3,000	0 – 10
2027	4,000	-

Preliminary Draft, Subject to Revision

Draft URFs Guidance Document

- Recommendations
 - Prioritize Banking, Storing, and Exchanging
 - Execute agreements by March 1 of each Contract Year
 - Prioritize Friant Contractors
 - Practical and mutually acceptable
 - Cover projected volumes + 25%



February 2014 URFs

- February 2014, Settling Parties suspended Restoration Flows in response to drought
- 12,694 af of URFs banked with FID
- 70 days from concept to operational temporary pump facility to exchange the URFs
- 11,000 af to Class I contractors in 2014
 - 24 of 31 Agreements executed



Lessons Learned This Year

- Not possible to limit Agreements to just “a few” Friant Contractors
- Annual agreements are extremely time consuming to develop and track
- Exchange option not popular
- URFs pricing was a contentious issue
- Revenues generated not available without appropriation until 2020



Proposed 13(i) Concept

- URFs distributed to Friant Contractors on pro-rata basis
- Water rate pre-determined
 - Class I Contract rate base
 - Apply year type multiplier to base rate
- Revenues distributed directly to SJRRP without further appropriation

Example URFs rates

	Contract Rate Multiplier	Per AF price
Wet	X 2	\$ 66.34
Normal-Wet	X 3	\$ 99.51
Normal-Dry	X 5	\$165.85
Dry	X 8	\$265.36
Critical High	X 12	\$398.04
Critical Low	X 16	\$530.72

Based on Class 1 Contract Rate = \$33.17

Example URFs Revenues

	Max Projected URFs, TAF	Revenue	Min Projected URFs, TAF	Revenue
Wet	99	\$6,567,660	86	\$5,705,240
Normal-Wet	115	\$11,443,650	40	\$3,980,400
Normal-Dry	46	\$7,629,100	-	-
Dry	13	\$3,449,680	-	-
Critical High	12	\$4,776,480	-	-
Critical Low	-	-	-	-

Based on Restoration Flow capacity constraint = 1,100 cfs



Uses for URFs Revenues

- Purchase water
 - to supplement future Restoration Flows
 - for unexpected seepage losses
 - for buffer flows
- Accelerate completion of Phase I projects



Public Comment / Next Meetings



Next SJRRP Water Management Technical Feedback Meetings

Day	Date	Location
Friday	September 19, 2014	Visalia
Friday	November 21, 2014	Visalia
TBD	January 2015	Reno